

HOSPITAL ADULT Empirical Treatment of Infection Guidelines

When male and female are stated within this policy, it refers to sex assigned at birth

NEWS ≥ 5 AND INFECTION: THINK SEPSIS

If 2 or more of the following **AND** clinical suspicion of infection

Temperature $>38^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $<36^{\circ}\text{C}$ Pulse rate ≥ 90 beats per minute Altered mental state
Respiratory rate >20 breaths/min WCC <4 or >12 Known or suspected neutropenia

ALWAYS DOCUMENT INDICATION & DURATION IN NOTES AND HEPMA/MEDICINE CHART
REVIEW ANTIBIOTIC THERAPY DAILY- CAN YOU STOP? SWITCH? SIMPLIFY? STATE DURATION?

- INDICATIONS FOR IV USE:** Review IV therapy every 12-24 hours – see [IVOST](#) guideline
- Specific infections e.g. endocarditis, septic arthritis, abscess, meningitis, osteomyelitis
 - 2 or more criteria as above out with range (temperature, respiratory rate, pulse, WCC)
 - Febrile with neutropenia or immunosuppression
 - Oral route compromised
 - Post surgery – unable to tolerate 1 litre of oral fluids
 - No oral formulation available

DOSES (UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED) ALL DOSES ASSUME NORMAL RENAL & HEPATIC FUNCTION IN NON PREGNANT ADULTS

ANTIBIOTIC	ORAL	IV
Amoxicillin	1g tds	1g tds
Co-trimoxazole	960mg bd	960mg bd
Clarithromycin*	500mg bd	500mg bd
Metronidazole	400mg tds	500mg tds
Flucloxacillin	1g qds	1g qds

*Consider risk of prolonged QT interval and interactions e.g. statins
** [Doxycycline](#) oral absorption significantly reduced when administered with Fe/Ca
Mg/Al/Zn (including antacids e.g. Peptac) – if possible hold medicine or space doses

MICROGUIDANCE: FOR ANTIBIOTIC 'RULES OF THUMB' AND BASIC MICROBIOLOGY INFORMATION ON COMMON INFECTIONS. ON MICROBIOLOGY REPORTS 'I' MEANS 'SENSITIVE AT INCREASED DOSE' REFER TO [GUIDANCE](#).

GENTAMICIN: ALWAYS CHECK EXCLUSION CRITERIA PRIOR TO PRESCRIBING IF IV THERAPY IS STILL INDICATED AFTER 96 HOURS OF GENTAMICIN (OR AFTER 24 HOURS IF POOR/DETERIORATING RENAL FUNCTION): 1. CHECK MICROBIOLOGY RESULTS & SENSITIVITIES

2. CONSIDER SWITCH TO AZTREONAM 3. IF REQUIRED ASK ID OR MICRO FOR ADVICE

AZTREONAM: FOR CERTAIN PATIENTS ONLY AS ALTERNATIVE TO GENTAMICIN – REFER TO GUIDANCE

PENICILLIN ALLERGY: TAKE ACCURATE HISTORY AND REFER TO GUIDANCE

CNS ENT

MENINGITIS Ceftriaxone IV 2g bd + Dexamethasone IV 10mg qds (started with or just before first dose of antibiotics for 4 days) Duration: refer to guidance
• Aciclovir IV (10mg/kg tds) if encephalitis suspected (oral treatment never appropriate) • Add Amoxicillin IV 2g 4 hourly if ≥ 60 years or immunocompromised

EPIGLOTTITIS/SUPRAGLOTTITIS Ceftriaxone IV 2g od Refer to [ENT](#) Guidance for oral step down and treatment of other infections

COMMUNITY ACQUIRED PNEUMONIA Assess CURB65 score /CXR/ HIV test
0-2 Mild/Mod Amoxicillin 1g tds PO (5 days) If penicillin allergic: [Doxycycline](#)** PO 200mg on day 1 then 100mg od (If NBM IV Amoxicillin or Clarithromycin*)
3-5 Severe Co-amoxiclav IV 1.2g tds + [Doxycycline](#)** PO 100mg bd (If penicillin allergic: IV Levofloxacin 500mg bd monotherapy)
ICU/HDU or NBM Co-amoxiclav IV 1.2g tds + Clarithromycin* IV 500mg bd (If penicillin allergic: IV Levofloxacin 500mg bd monotherapy)
Step down to [Doxycycline](#)** 100mg bd for ALL patients with severe CAP **TOTAL IV/PO 5 days**

HOSPITAL ACQUIRED PNEUMONIA (previous ICU admission or history of MRSA: seek advice)
Non severe: Amoxicillin 1g tds PO (5 days) (If penicillin allergic: [Doxycycline](#)** PO 200mg on day1 then 100mg od)
Severe: IV Amoxicillin + Gentamicin (If penicillin allergic: [PO/IV Co-trimoxazole](#) + IV Gentamicin) Step down: PO Co-trimoxazole **TOTAL IV/PO 5 days**

ASPIRATION PNEUMONIA
Non severe Amoxicillin 1g tds PO (If penicillin allergic: PO [Doxycycline](#)** 200mg on day 1 then 100mg od) **TOTAL 5 days**
Severe IV Amoxicillin + Gentamicin (If penicillin allergic: [PO/IV Co-trimoxazole](#) + IV Gentamicin)
Step down to: PO Co-trimoxazole **TOTAL IV/PO 5 days**

ACUTE EXACERBATION OF COPD Give antibiotics if \uparrow sputum purulence. If no \uparrow sputum purulence then no antibiotics unless consolidation on CXR or signs of pneumonia 1ST LINE Amoxicillin 500mg tds 2ND LINE [Doxycycline](#)** 200mg on day 1 then 100mg od (5days)

ACUTE COUGH/ACUTE BRONCHITIS Antibiotics give no significant benefit in clinical improvement but may be considered in the frail elderly.
1ST LINE Amoxicillin 500mg tds 2ND LINE [Doxycycline](#)** 200mg on day 1 then 100mg od (5 days)

BRONCHIECTASIS ACUTE EXACERBATION • Send sputum cultures on admission & review previous sputum results prior to prescribing
Refer to full guidance for antimicrobial choice and duration **TOTAL IV/PO 7days (mild) 14 days (severe)**

ENDOCARDITIS
• Take appropriate blood cultures
• Start empirical therapy as per [guidance](#) and refer to ID/Microbiology
• Do not use gentamicin chart/ or online calculator

C. DIFFICILE INFECTION Refer to full guidance to assess severity
Severe/Non severe: Vancomycin 125mg qds (10 days)
Recurrent: positive CDI in previous 12 weeks - see [guidance](#)

PERITONITIS/BILIARY TRACT/ INTRA-ABDOMINAL (TOTAL IV/PO 7 days)
IV Amoxicillin + Gentamicin + PO Metronidazole (only use IV if oral route not available)
Step down: PO Co-trimoxazole + Metronidazole
(If penicillin allergic: IV [Vancomycin](#) + Gentamicin + PO Metronidazole (only use IV if oral route not available)
Step down: PO Co-trimoxazole + Metronidazole)

ACUTE GASTROENTERITIS
No antibiotic treatment required. Seek advice if severe.
ACUTE PANCREATITIS
Antibiotics unlikely to affect outcome. Seek advice.
PROVEN SPONTANEOUS BACTERIAL PERITONITIS (5 - 7 days)
Mild disease: (incidental diagnosis on routine tap): Co-trimoxazole PO
Severe disease: Piperacillin/Tazobactam IV 4.5g tds then step down to Co-trimoxazole PO

CATHETERISED PATIENTS: DO NOT USE URINALYSIS. DO NOT TREAT UNLESS CLINICAL SIGNS/SYMPTOMS OF INFECTION. IF DEFINITE INFECTION TREAT AS PER COMPLICATED UTI.
UTI IN OLDER ADULTS: DO NOT USE URINALYSIS. DO NOT TREAT UNLESS CLINICAL SIGNS/SYMPTOMS OF INFECTION. IF DEFINITE INFECTION TREAT AS PER GUIDANCE BELOW.

COMPLICATED UTI/PYELONEPHRITIS/UROSEPSIS IV Amoxicillin + Gentamicin (If penicillin allergic: [PO/IV Co-trimoxazole](#) + Gentamicin)
Step down: PO Co-trimoxazole or as per sensitivities **TOTAL IV/PO 7 days**

UNCOMPLICATED FEMALE LOWER UTI Nitrofurantoin 100mg MR bd or Trimethoprim 200mg bd (3 days)
UNCATHETERISED MALE UTI Nitrofurantoin 100mg MR bd or Trimethoprim 200mg bd (7 days)

ACUTE BACTERIAL PROSTATITIS OR EPIDIDYMO-ORCHITIS Refer to separate guidance and update on [quinolone](#) warnings

CELLULITIS Refer to full guidance to assess severity **TOTAL IV/PO 5-7 days**
Flucloxacillin 1g qds (If penicillin allergic: [Doxycycline](#)** 100mg bd PO)
If history of MRSA or not responding: see [CELLULITIS](#) guidance

DIABETIC FOOT INFECTION (7 days)
Refer to full guidance to assess severity OR if antibiotics in last month
Mild: Flucloxacillin 1g qds or Doxycycline 100mg bd
Moderate: Flucloxacillin 1g qds + Metronidazole 400mg tds
or [Doxycycline](#)** 100mg bd + Metronidazole 400mg tds
ACUTE SEPTIC ARTHRITIS / OSTEOMYELITIS (seek ID advice)
Refer to full guidance documents

OPEN FRACTURE PROPHYLAXIS (including hand injuries)
[Refer to guidance](#) Start within 3 hours for max 72 hours

IV Amoxicillin + Metronidazole + Gentamicin (If PWID add *S. aureus* cover IV Flucloxacillin 2g qds or if penicillin allergic use regimen below)
Penicillin allergy: IV [Vancomycin](#) + Metronidazole + Gentamicin **Neutropenic patients:** refer to [guidance](#)

LUNG

HEART

GI

GU

BONE/ SKIN

SEVERE SYSTEMIC INFECTION SOURCE UNKNOWN